Conservation Zones Review Information Webinar – Warringah Wednesday 28 September 2022,

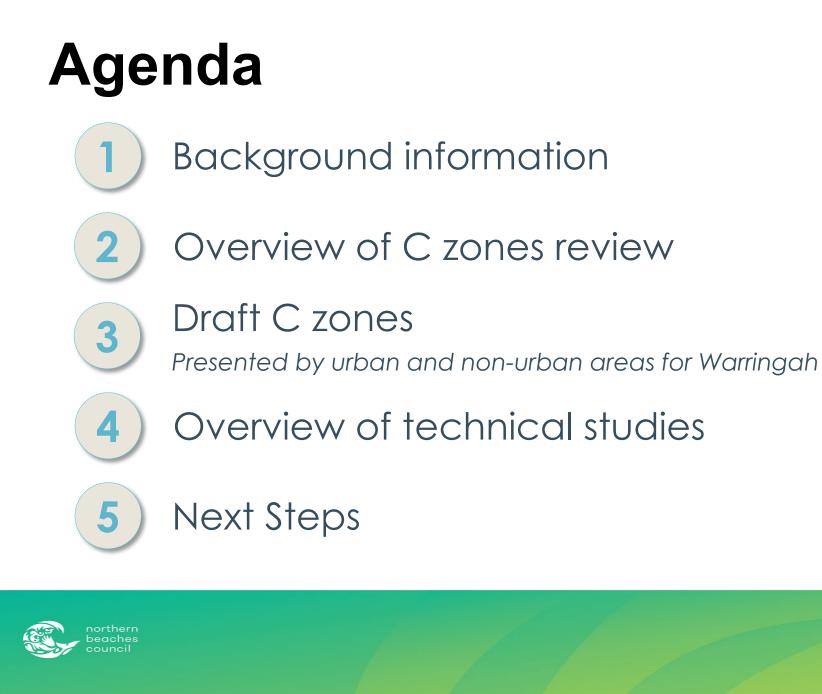






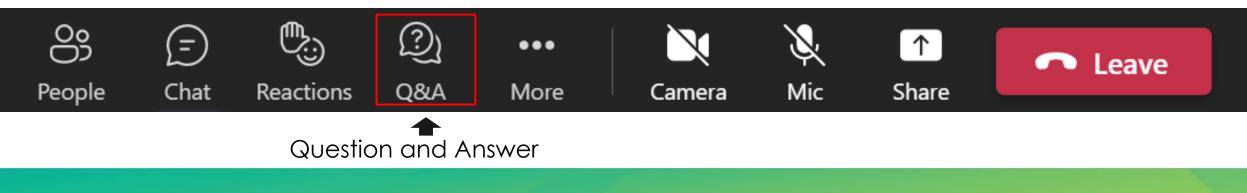
Acknowledgement of Country





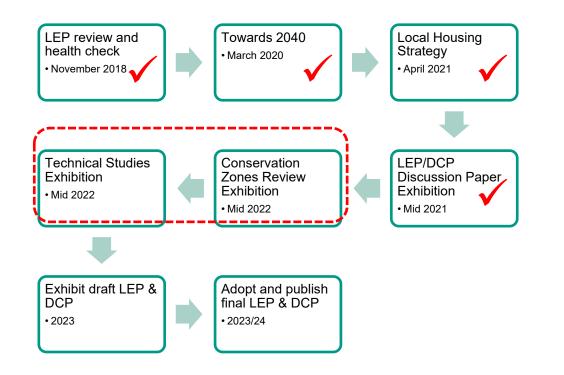
Webinar conventions

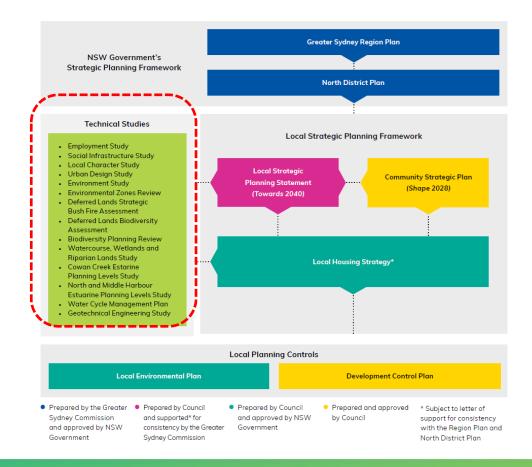
- To provide information and an overview of the C Zones Review
- Look at the entire Northern Beaches and not focus at the site level
- Everyone will be muted and cameras turned off
- Questions and comments can be made via the show conversation function as we progress through the information briefing
- These sessions will be recorded





Planning our Sustainable Future Program Towards one LEP & DCP



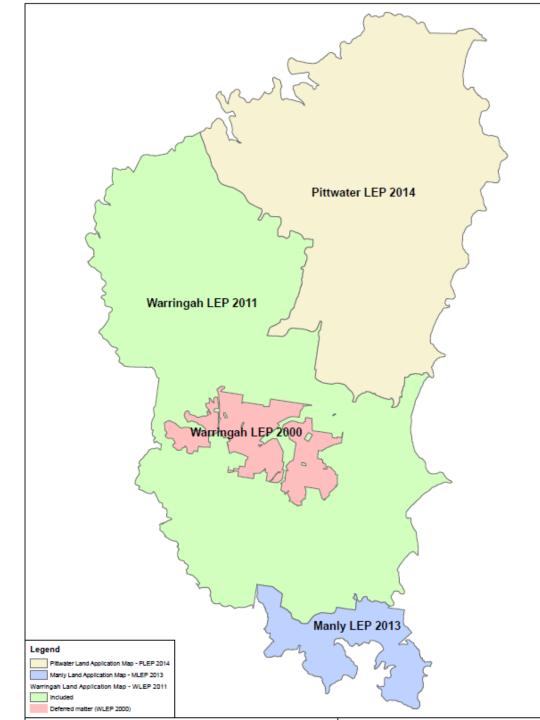




Background

What is a local environmental plan (or LEP)?

Legal instrument that establishes land use zones and standards to control development



What are zones?

A standardised framework for the way land can be used set by the State Government

Set out what uses are allowed (or permitted) and what are prohibited

These land uses must relate to the objectives for these zones



Background

What are Conservation zones?

Used to protect and manage land that is of important environmental value

Identify environmental and hazard values i.e., biodiversity, waterways and foreshore, hazard constraints (flood, bushfire, coastal), land capability (slope/ ridgelines/escarpments), urban ecology (tree canopy and corridors)

Application of the values will vary spatially across different places i.e., public versus private land, non urban versus urban areas

Use of application rules to apply the environmental values i.e., E2 – public land, E3 – private land, E4 – suburban residential and urban residential areas Established under National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974



Accommodates low impact residential development

Why are the C zones being reviewed?

Community Values

•The Northern Beaches community places very high value on environmental conservation matters.

Consistent approach

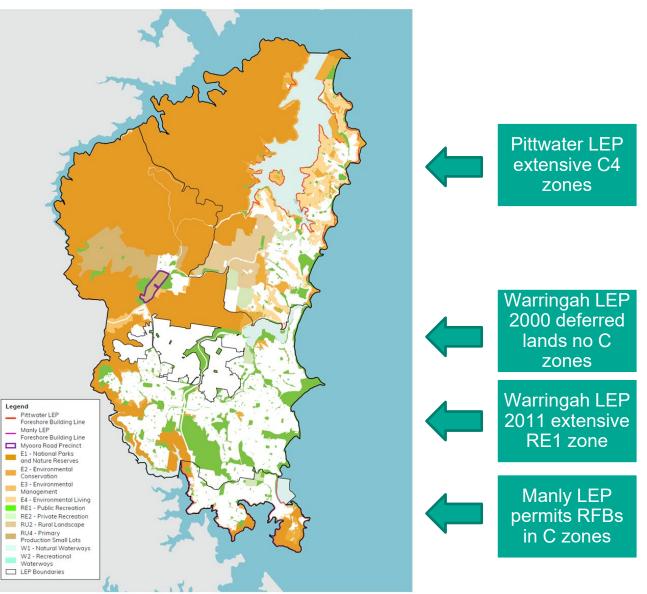
•The current Conservation zones in the four LEPs permit markedly different land uses and were created using different environmental criteria.

Updated information

•Council has undertaken several studies which identify areas with high Conservation values more accurately and consistently

Consultation commitments

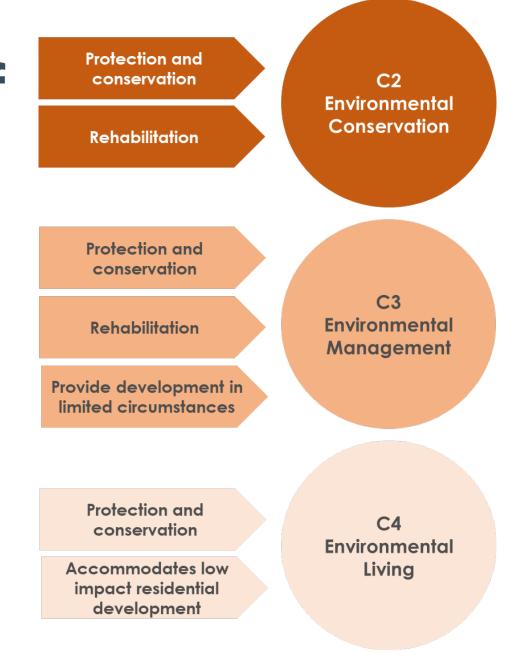
•Council committed to consult with residents in the "deferred lands" under Warringah LEP 2000 – Oxford Falls Valley and Belrose North – because of the non-standard nature of that LEP and given concerns about previous Planning Proposals for the area



Approach overview

What is the purpose of the C Zones Review?

Develop proposed criteria (i.e., environmental and natural hazard attributes) for the C zones and the rules for how each will apply



What is the process for reviewing the C zones?



What did the community say?

- Consultation with the community is required
- If it is rural now it should remain rural
- Existing use rights need to be protected
- Will Council compensate owners for zoning changes
- Site visits are critical

Approach overview

- Support for protecting the environment
- Wildlife corridors should be prioritised and protected
- Protect existing C2 zoned land
- C zones are critical in the coastal communities i.e., Cottage Point
- Areas with high bush fire risk should be a C zone
- Maintain recreational uses i.e., horse riding and bike riding trails

3

Environmental criteria

High environmental value attribute	Medium environmental value attribute (only applies to C4 urban areas)
One of the following required:	Two of the following required:
Bushland reserves and parks (natural open space)	 Biodiversity Corridor / urban tree canopy
 Land protected by a conservation mechanism 	 Escarpment lands and major ridgelines
 Existing C2 Environment Conservation zone 	 Land with steep slopes
 Native vegetation (i.e., Biodiversity Core Habitat and land with high and very high conservation significance) 	
 Threatened Ecological Communities (TECs) 	
 Threatened Species Habitat 	
• Wetlands	
Riparian Corridors	
• Transition between National Parks, Waterways, Beaches and Headlands (only applies to C4 urban areas)	
Selected land in a heritage conservation area	

Hazard criteria

High value attribute

One of the following required:

Coastal and Estuarine Hazards

• Mapped Coastal and Estuarine Hazards

Flooding

- Land exposed to high flood risk:
 - o High Flood Risk Precinct
 - High and Medium Flood Risk Precinct covering the entire site
 - o Lots in a Low Flood Island

Bush Fire

- Land exposed to high bush fire risk:
 - Bush Fire Prone Land Map Vegetation Category 1 covering 50% or more of the site
 - o Deferred Lands Bush Fire Intensity covering 50% or more of the site

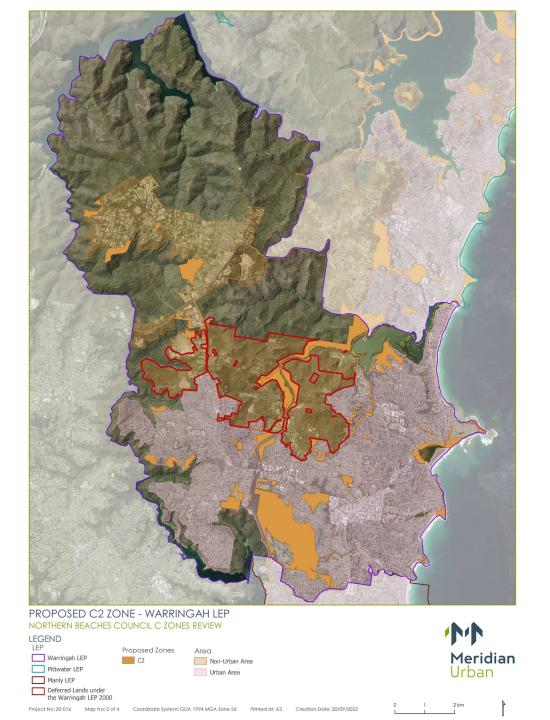
Geotech

• Land in close proximity to coastal cliff zones which are susceptible to instability

C2 zone – urban and nonurban areas

Proposed approach used where land has conservation significance in urban and non-urban areas

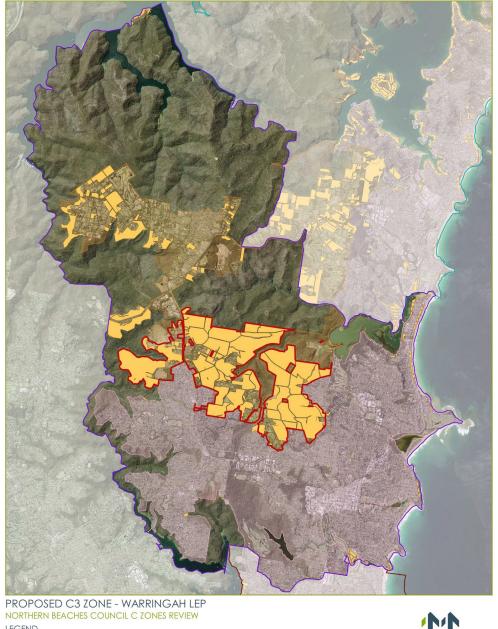
- Land with the highest level of protection outside national parks and nature reserves where strict controls on development apply
- Public open space and bushland areas managed for conservation purposes
- Land with an existing C2 zone
- Land with a conservation mechanism



C3 zone – non-urban areas

Proposed approach used in nonurban areas

- Non-urban land
- Land with high ecological values:
 - For properties <5000m2
 - >50% apply a C3 zone (no split zones)
 - For properties >5000m2
 - \circ < 30% apply another zone
 - o 30-70% apply a split zone
 - \circ > 70% apply C3 zone to the entire site
- Land affected by high risk natural hazard processes that require careful management i.e. bush fire



LEGEND LEP Warringah LEP Pittwater LEP Manly LEP Deferred Lands under the Warringah LEP 2000	Proposed Zones C3	Area Non-Urban Area Urban Area	
relact No: 20.014 Map No: 2 of 4	Coordinate System: CDA	0004 MCA 7	ł.

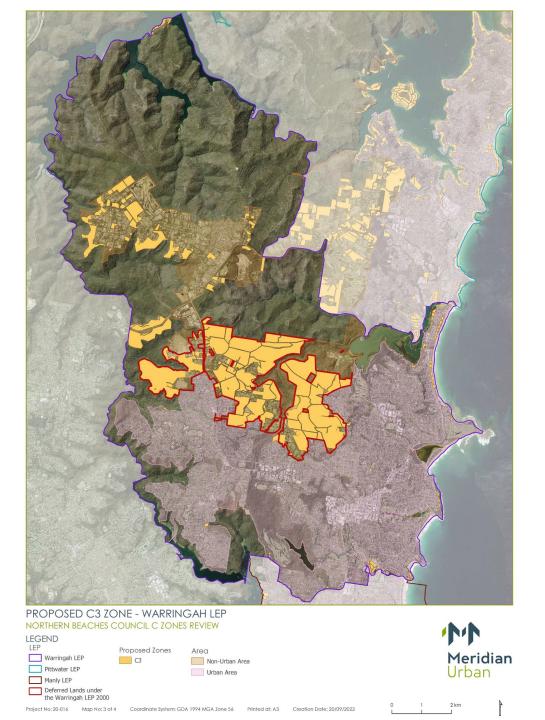
Meridian

Urban

C3 zone – urban areas

Proposed approach used where land is affected by a high risk hazard constraint in urban areas

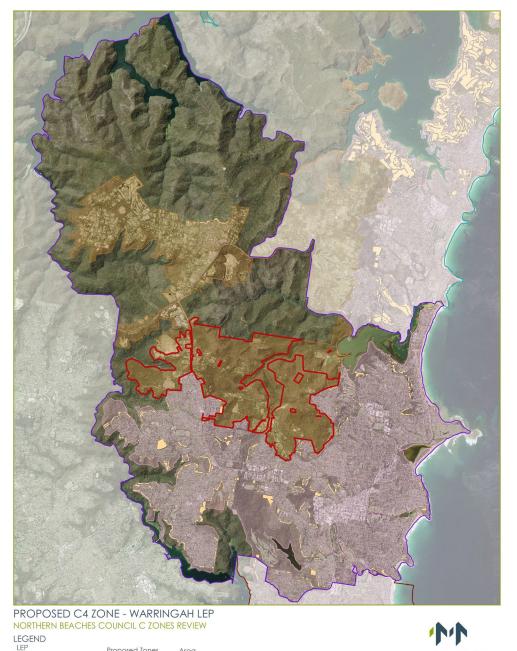
- Low density suburban residential land affected by natural hazard processes that require careful management i.e. coastal and estuarine hazards, high risk flooding, high risk bush fire, land in proximity to coastal cliffs susceptible to instability
- Limit incompatible land uses which are sensitive to natural hazards and/or difficult to evacuate



C4 zone – urban areas

Proposed approach used where land has an environmental attribute in urban areas

- Low density suburban residential land with environmental living values
- Land with high environmental criteria i.e. native vegetation, TECs, threatened species habitat, riparian corridors, wetlands, selected land in a heritage conservation area, transitional areas
- Land that has two or more medium environmental criteria i.e. biodiversity corridors/ urban tree canopy, escarpments / ridgelines, steep slopes
- 50% or more of the site is affected
- Recognises and protects urban ecology in residential areas



Warringah LEP

Pittwater LEF

C4

Non-Urban Area

Urban Area

Coordinate System: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 56

Meridian

Urban

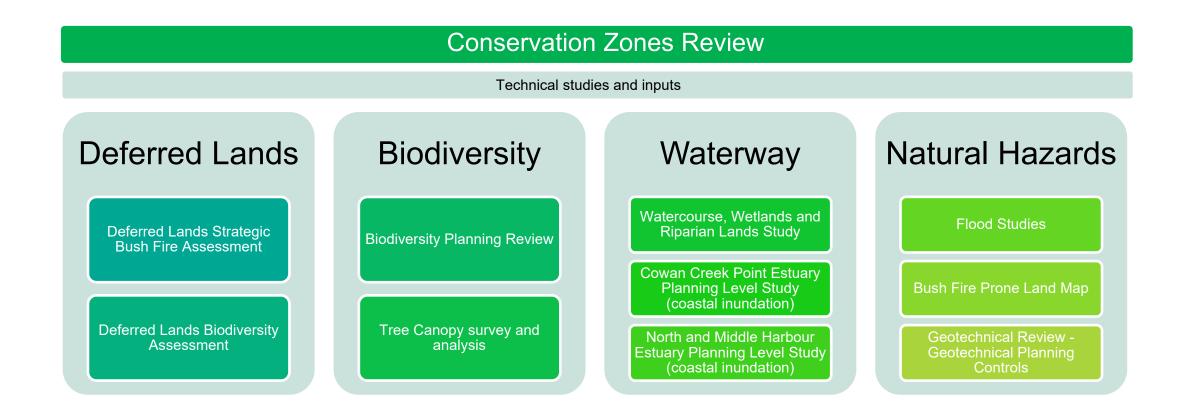
Draft C zones – Warringah

Proposed permitted land uses

Land uses	C2 zone	C3 zone	C4 zone
Commercial			
Bed and breakfast accommodation			
Building identification signs			
Business identification signs			
Home businesses		without consent	without consent
Home industries		without consent	without consent
Home occupations		without consent	without consent
Community			
Centre-based child care facilities			
Community facilities			
Educational establishments			
Health consulting rooms			
Home-based child care			without consent
Places of public worship			
Recreation areas			
Respite day care centres			
School-based child care			
Housing			
Dwelling houses			
Group home (permanent and transitional)			
Secondary dwellings			
Infrastructure and works			
Emergency services facilities			
Environmental facilities			
Environmental protection works			
Flood mitigation works			
Roads			
Water reticulation systems			
Oyster aquaculture			
Pond-based aquaculture			
Tank-based aquaculture			

Permitted Note: SEPPs may

Technical studies and inputs

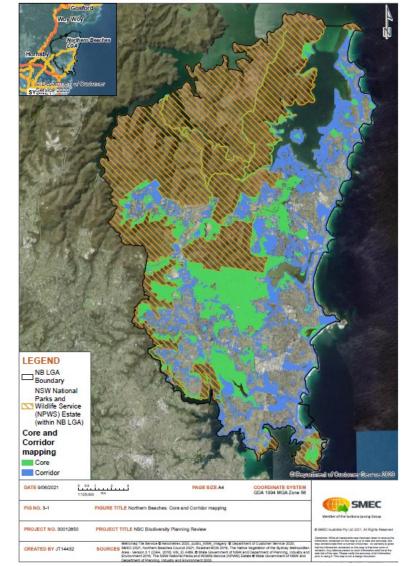




Draft Biodiversity Planning Review

Project deliverables included:

- Detailed technical report including literature review, methodologies, results and mapping
- Description and mapping of key wildlife habitat (identified as 'Core Habitat') and wildlife corridors (identified as 'Biodiversity Corridors')
- Mapping of Threatened Ecological Communities (TECs)
- Mapping of Threatened Species records and habitat

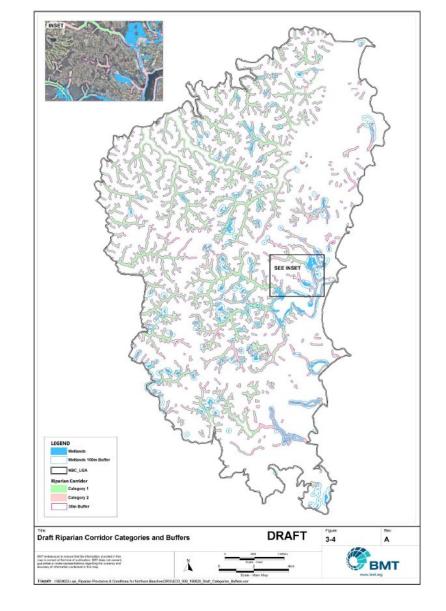




Technical studies

Draft Watercourse, Wetland and Riparian Lands Study

- Detailed technical report including mapping methodologies, definitions and a riparian and wetland map
- Streamlines mapping for whole LGA
- Includes recommendations:
 - Category 1 and Category 2 riparian corridors and a 30 metre buffer zone
 - wetland areas and a 100 metre buffer zone
- Informs C zones by identifying properties within riparian corridors and wetlands





Draft Estuarine Planning Levels Studies

North Harbour, Middle Harbour and Cowan Creek

- Studies
 - Investigate coastal inundation hazard in the estuaries
 - Map the extent of coastal inundation and identify foreshore properties that are affected
- Estuarine planning levels (EPL) are estimated for each estuarine inundation affected property to manage and minimise risk of damage to new development during future extreme coastal inundation events
- Studies use same approach and methodology as Pittwater EPL Study, including two sea level rise (SLR) scenarios with SLR allowances of 0.4m and 0.9m

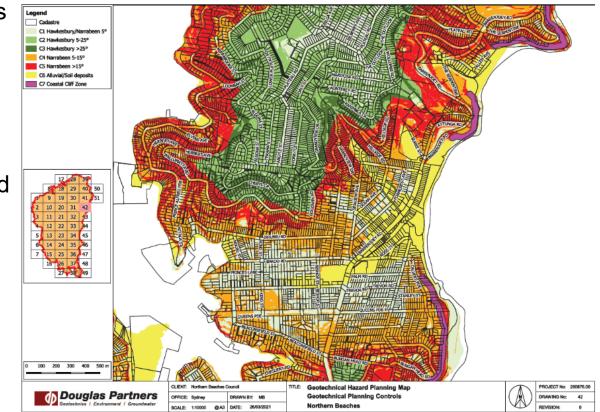






Geotechnical Planning Review – Geotechnical Controls

- Review of existing Geotechnical Planning Controls
 across 3 former Councils
- Includes recommendations for a new harmonised planning controls for the LEP and DCP
- All land assigned a Geotechnical Planning Class C1-C7
- Class depends on slope, underlying geology and proximity to coastal cliff.
- 3 highest risk geotechnical classes inform or trigger the C Zones:
 - Informs Zone C4 Environmental Living
 - Geotech Class C3 Hawkesbury Sandstone, Slope > 25°
 - Geotech Class C5 Narrabeen Group, Slope > 15°
 - Triggers C3 Environmental Management Zone
 - C7 Coastal Cliff Zone





Recap

The NSW Government requires all councils to review and develop a single planning framework for their LGA.

Our proposal, based on comprehensive studies, will help create a sustainable future for the Northern Beaches.

We've identified and proposed Conservation zones to best fit the attributes of the land.

The proposed change may affect what you can and can't do on your property.

We're still at the early stage and want to hear your views.



Next steps

Milestone	Timing		
Conservation Zones Review Report to Council	August 2022		
Conservation Zones Review Public Exhibition	September / October 2022		
Submissions closing date	Sunday 30 October 2022		
Community Consultation Outcomes Report	Early 2023		
Draft LEP / DCP report to Council	Mid / late 2023		
Public exhibition draft LEP / DCP including finalised Conservation Zones Review Report	Late 2023 / early 2024		



Questions

- Do affected land owners have any option of review?
- How is a C4 zone different to a R2 residential zone?
- Why are we prohibiting secondary dwellings in the C3 zone?
- Will a rural zone allow a granny flat to built?
- Will we still be able to do Airbnb?
- Why are properties that have been cleared not identified for a conservation zone?
- How will this affect Development Applications?
- Has the Department of Planning approved the methodology used?
- Will landowners be compensated for loss of permissible land uses from rezoning?
- Does the C zones affect the number of houses that can be built on a block i.e., will the current allowance of 1 property per 20 hectares remain?







Thank you

If you have any further questions please – email: council@northernbeaches.nsw.gov.au

or call: 1300 434 434



